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2-Chloro-4-(3,3-dichloroallyloxy)-1-nitrobenzene

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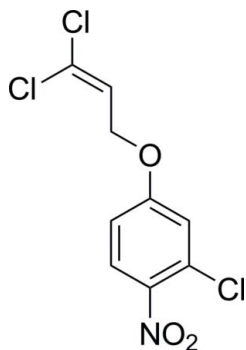
Received 2 April 2012; accepted 25 April 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007$ Å; R factor = 0.066; wR factor = 0.183; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.6.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_3\text{NO}_3$, molecules are connected by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming chains along the b axis. The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the plane of the nitro group is 16.2 (1)° and that between the benzene ring and the plane of the dichloroallyl group is 10.2 (1)°.

Related literature

For background to the applications of the title compound, see: Kolosov *et al.* (2002). For the synthesis, see: Walker *et al.* (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_9\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_3\text{NO}_3$ $M_r = 282.50$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 12.476$ (3) Å
 $b = 12.775$ (3) Å
 $c = 7.2230$ (14) Å
 $\beta = 92.32$ (3)°
 $V = 1150.3$ (4) Å³

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.79$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.799$, $T_{\max} = 0.926$
2300 measured reflections

2118 independent reflections
1414 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$
3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.066$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.183$
 $S = 1.00$
2118 reflections

145 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.52$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.42$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C5}-\text{H5A}\cdots\text{O3}^i$	0.93	2.54	3.449 (7)	165

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors thank the Center of Testing and Analysis, Nanjing University, for the data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: VM2169).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o1598 [doi:10.1107/S160053681201865X]

2-Chloro-4-(3,3-dichloroallyloxy)-1-nitrobenzene**Xiao-feng Yu, Zheng-jun Xia and Chun-ya Li****Comment**

The title compound is an important intermediate in the synthesis of phenanthrenes, which can be utilized to synthesize organic semiconductors and conjugated polymers (Walker *et al.*, 2005). These materials are of wide current interest for applications in electronic and optoelectronic devices including light-emitting diodes (Kolosov *et al.*, 2002). We report here the crystal structure of the title compound, (I), which is of interest to us in this field.

The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1. There is an intermolecular contact C—H \cdots O in the title compound, forming molecular chains along the *b* axis direction (Table 1, Fig. 2). These molecular chains are linked by weak π — π interactions (Cg1 \cdots Cg1ⁱ distance = 3.724 (3) Å, Cg1 is the centroid of ring C1-C6, symmetry code: (i) $x, 5/2 - y, -1/2 + z$) to give a three-dimensional network, which seems to be very effective in the stabilization of the crystal structure.

The dihedral angles between the planes A (atoms C1—C6), B (atoms N/O2/O3), C (atoms C7/C8/H8A/C9/C12/C13) are: A/B = 16.2 (1)°, A/C = 10.2 (1)°.

Experimental

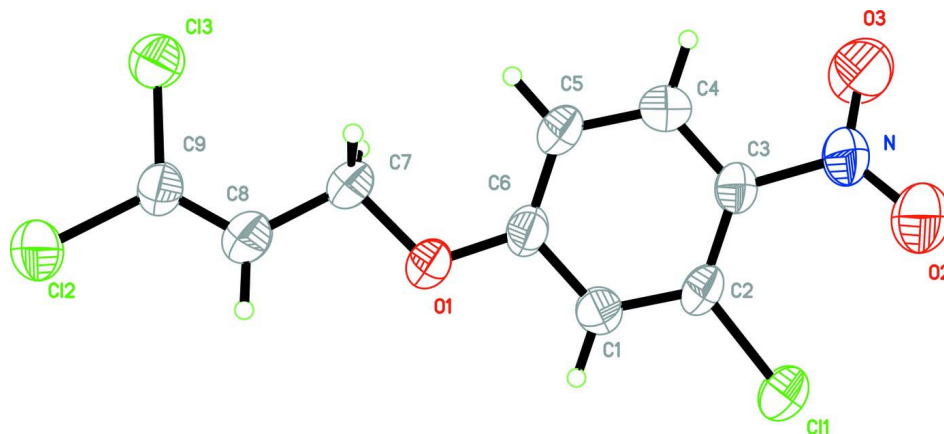
The title compound, (I) was prepared by a method reported in literature (Walker *et al.*, 2005). The crystals were obtained by dissolving (I) (0.1 g) in methanol (30 ml) and evaporating the solvent slowly at room temperature for about 8 d.

Refinement

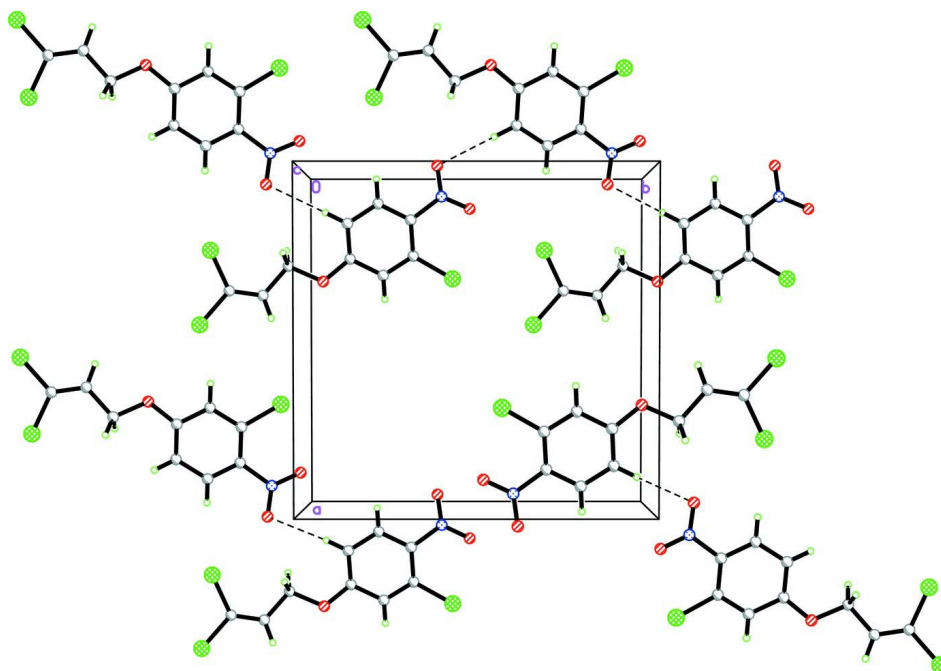
All H atoms were positioned geometrically and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H and 0.96 Å for alkyl H, respectively. The $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, where $x = 1.2$ for aromatic H and $x = 1.5$ for other H.

Computing details

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.


Figure 2

A packing diagram of (I) viewed along the *a* axis (C-H \cdots O hydrogen bonds are shown as broken lines).

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Crystal data

$C_9H_6Cl_3NO_3$

$M_r = 282.50$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 12.476\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 12.775\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 7.2230\ (14)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 92.32\ (3)^\circ$

$V = 1150.3\ (4)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 568$

$D_x = 1.631\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 10\text{--}13^\circ$

$\mu = 0.79\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293$ K $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm
 Block, colourless

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	2118 independent reflections 1414 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$
Graphite monochromator	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.6^\circ$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$h = -15 \rightarrow 15$
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North <i>et al.</i> , 1968)	$k = -15 \rightarrow 0$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.799$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.926$	$l = 0 \rightarrow 8$
2300 measured reflections	3 standard reflections every 200 reflections intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.066$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.183$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2 + 0.7P]$
$S = 1.00$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2118 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
145 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.52 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.42 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N	0.0625 (4)	1.3968 (3)	0.1971 (7)	0.0603 (12)
Cl1	0.31002 (11)	1.42882 (9)	0.1250 (2)	0.0643 (4)
C1	0.2996 (4)	1.2216 (4)	0.1245 (7)	0.0468 (11)
H1A	0.3724	1.2256	0.1021	0.056*
O1	0.3184 (3)	1.0417 (2)	0.1211 (5)	0.0560 (9)
Cl2	0.45065 (11)	0.67097 (10)	0.1106 (2)	0.0685 (5)
C2	0.2415 (4)	1.3117 (3)	0.1436 (7)	0.0452 (11)
O2	0.1009 (4)	1.4802 (3)	0.2323 (8)	0.1053 (18)
Cl3	0.22239 (11)	0.70364 (10)	0.1046 (2)	0.0679 (5)
C3	0.1325 (3)	1.3051 (3)	0.1756 (7)	0.0441 (11)
O3	-0.0309 (3)	1.3841 (4)	0.1923 (12)	0.157 (3)
C4	0.0837 (4)	1.2084 (4)	0.1880 (7)	0.0505 (12)
H4A	0.0105	1.2044	0.2073	0.061*
C5	0.1433 (4)	1.1170 (4)	0.1718 (7)	0.0496 (12)

H5A	0.1106	1.0520	0.1837	0.060*
C6	0.2501 (4)	1.1231 (3)	0.1384 (6)	0.0432 (11)
C7	0.2718 (4)	0.9380 (3)	0.1296 (8)	0.0585 (14)
H7A	0.2213	0.9272	0.0256	0.070*
H7B	0.2340	0.9297	0.2434	0.070*
C8	0.3611 (4)	0.8612 (4)	0.1230 (7)	0.0542 (13)
H8A	0.4310	0.8865	0.1258	0.065*
C9	0.3467 (4)	0.7601 (4)	0.1137 (7)	0.0493 (12)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N	0.055 (3)	0.040 (2)	0.087 (3)	0.0090 (19)	0.005 (2)	-0.007 (2)
Cl1	0.0614 (8)	0.0331 (6)	0.0991 (11)	-0.0085 (5)	0.0112 (7)	-0.0018 (6)
C1	0.042 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.062 (3)	0.0005 (19)	0.013 (2)	0.005 (2)
O1	0.0505 (18)	0.0324 (16)	0.086 (2)	-0.0030 (14)	0.0182 (17)	0.0000 (17)
Cl2	0.0583 (8)	0.0419 (7)	0.1055 (12)	0.0096 (6)	0.0065 (7)	-0.0031 (7)
C2	0.052 (3)	0.026 (2)	0.058 (3)	-0.0048 (19)	0.005 (2)	-0.001 (2)
O2	0.081 (3)	0.042 (2)	0.194 (6)	0.011 (2)	0.022 (3)	-0.013 (3)
Cl3	0.0563 (8)	0.0419 (7)	0.1063 (12)	-0.0047 (6)	0.0121 (7)	-0.0094 (7)
C3	0.044 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.058 (3)	0.0050 (19)	0.002 (2)	0.000 (2)
O3	0.037 (2)	0.069 (3)	0.366 (10)	0.009 (2)	0.019 (4)	-0.050 (5)
C4	0.041 (2)	0.046 (3)	0.065 (3)	-0.004 (2)	0.010 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C5	0.054 (3)	0.030 (2)	0.066 (3)	-0.005 (2)	0.011 (2)	0.003 (2)
C6	0.051 (3)	0.029 (2)	0.050 (3)	0.0001 (19)	0.010 (2)	0.001 (2)
C7	0.048 (3)	0.032 (2)	0.096 (4)	-0.006 (2)	0.010 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C8	0.052 (3)	0.037 (3)	0.074 (3)	-0.005 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.002 (2)
C9	0.052 (3)	0.037 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.008 (2)	0.006 (2)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

N—O3	1.176 (6)	Cl3—C9	1.709 (5)
N—O2	1.192 (6)	C3—C4	1.382 (6)
N—C3	1.472 (6)	C4—C5	1.392 (6)
Cl1—C2	1.731 (4)	C4—H4A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.370 (6)	C5—C6	1.367 (6)
C1—C6	1.406 (6)	C5—H5A	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9300	C7—C8	1.487 (6)
O1—C6	1.353 (5)	C7—H7A	0.9700
O1—C7	1.449 (5)	C7—H7B	0.9700
Cl2—C9	1.727 (5)	C8—C9	1.304 (7)
C2—C3	1.392 (6)	C8—H8A	0.9300
O3—N—O2	121.2 (5)	C6—C5—H5A	120.2
O3—N—C3	118.6 (4)	C4—C5—H5A	120.2
O2—N—C3	119.9 (4)	O1—C6—C5	126.4 (4)
C2—C1—C6	120.6 (4)	O1—C6—C1	113.6 (4)
C2—C1—H1A	119.7	C5—C6—C1	119.9 (4)
C6—C1—H1A	119.7	O1—C7—C8	107.5 (4)
C6—O1—C7	116.4 (4)	O1—C7—H7A	110.2

C1—C2—C3	119.4 (4)	C8—C7—H7A	110.2
C1—C2—C11	117.0 (4)	O1—C7—H7B	110.2
C3—C2—C11	123.6 (3)	C8—C7—H7B	110.2
C4—C3—C2	120.1 (4)	H7A—C7—H7B	108.5
C4—C3—N	116.1 (4)	C9—C8—C7	123.6 (5)
C2—C3—N	123.9 (4)	C9—C8—H8A	118.2
C3—C4—C5	120.4 (4)	C7—C8—H8A	118.2
C3—C4—H4A	119.8	C8—C9—C13	122.9 (4)
C5—C4—H4A	119.8	C8—C9—C12	123.4 (4)
C6—C5—C4	119.7 (4)	C13—C9—C12	113.7 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.5 (7)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.8 (7)
C6—C1—C2—C11	179.8 (4)	C7—O1—C6—C5	3.3 (7)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.0 (7)	C7—O1—C6—C1	-178.5 (4)
C11—C2—C3—C4	179.8 (4)	C4—C5—C6—O1	179.4 (5)
C1—C2—C3—N	-179.6 (5)	C4—C5—C6—C1	1.3 (7)
C11—C2—C3—N	0.1 (7)	C2—C1—C6—O1	-178.4 (4)
O3—N—C3—C4	-12.3 (8)	C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.2 (7)
O2—N—C3—C4	162.1 (5)	C6—O1—C7—C8	-175.5 (4)
O3—N—C3—C2	167.3 (6)	O1—C7—C8—C9	-174.5 (5)
O2—N—C3—C2	-18.2 (8)	C7—C8—C9—C13	0.9 (8)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.1 (7)	C7—C8—C9—C12	-178.7 (4)
N—C3—C4—C5	-179.2 (5)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C5—H5A...O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.54	3.449 (7)	165

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.